#### **Association News and Announcements**

# 2ND EUROPEAN CONGRESS OF PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENCES

This congress is jointly organized by the European Federation for Pharmaceutical Sciences (EUFEPS) and the German Pharmaceutical Society (DPhG) and will be held in Berlin from September 29 to October 1, 1994. The following topics for key-note lectures and symposia have been selected: The evolution of biomedical science and the future of drug research, enzymes as targets for drug development, drug targeting, alternative methods to animal experimentation, pharmaceutical impact on chronic disease therapy, receptor selectivity and drug development, computer based methods in pharmaceutical sciences, overcoming biological barriers, non-invasive techniques in drug development, pharmaco-economics (a perspective on drug cost and drug benefit), new approaches in drug synthesis, antioxidants and cell protection, prediction of drug metabolism, plant metabolites as models for modern drug research, and new opportunities for near infrared (NIR) spectrometry in pharmaceutical and biomedical analysis. There will also be oral communication sessions in association with the above topics and poster sessions in all areas of pharmaceutical sciences. Further information and final program and abstract forms can be obtained from: Secretariat, 2nd European Congress of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Carmerstraße 3, 10623 BERLIN, Germany tel. (40) 30 313 50 91; fax (49) 30 312 30 81.

On September 28, 1994 there is a pre-congress symposium in Berlin on Current Research into Therapies for Alzheimer's Disease organized by EUFEPS; for more information contact: EUFEPS Secretariat, Swedish Academy of Pharmaceutical Sciences, P.O. Box 1136, S-111 81 Stockholm, Sweden tel. (46) 8 24 50 85; fax (46) 8 20 55 11.

## EIGHTH ANNUAL PHARMACOKINETICS COURSE FOR PHARMACEUTICAL SCIENTISTS

The Department of Pharmacy of the University of California, San Francisco, School of Pharmacy announces its eighth annual, five-day fundamental course on Pharmacokinetics for Pharmaceutical Scientists, January 30–February 3, 1995 in San Francisco. This highly rated course will emphasize up-to-date information on physiological conceptualization of and problem solving approaches to pharmacokinetics. Presentation will be delivered via lectures and multiple small-group workshops throughout. Please contact Dr. Leslie Z. Benet, Department of Pharmacy, School of Pharmacy,

macy, University of California, San Francisco, CA 94143-0446; tel. (415) 476-1680; fax (415) 476-2744.

## ONE-WEEK WORKSHOP ON ADVANCED METHODS IN PHARMACOKINETICS

This workshop, to be held Sunday, April 2-Friday, April 7, 1995, in San Francisco, California, will present advanced aspects and applications of pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and kinetic/dynamic data analysis in the medical and pharmaceutical sciences. The workshop is designed for those who have a good working knowledge of basic concepts in pharmacokinetics, pharmacodynamics, and data analysis, and who wish to extend their knowledge further. Emphasis will be placed on new approaches and concepts relating pharmacokinetics to underlying physiological processes and to pharmacodynamics, and on the analysis and modeling of pharmacokinetic/dynamic data using both assumption-rich (parametric) and assumption-poor (non-parametric) methods. The workshop is organized by Professor Lewis B. Sheiner, University of California, San Francisco and Professor Malcolm Rowland, University of Manchester. For further information, address inquiries to Eilish Nagle, Adv. PK Course Coordinator, University of California, San Francisco, Department of Pharmacy, Box 0446, San Francisco, CA 94143-0446 tel. (415) 476-1680; fax (415) 476-2744; E-mail: barbara@c255.ucsf.edu.

#### **Errata**

In the paper "Effect of Receiver Fluid pH on in Vitro Skin Flux of Weakly Ionizable Drugs" (Pharmaceutical Research, Vol. 9, No. 7, 1993, pp. 986–990) the authors would like to correct a typographical error:

Equation (15) in the report should read,

$$P_1=\left(\frac{L_1}{D_2}\right)^{-1},$$

and equation (16) should read,

$$P_2 = \left(\alpha \frac{L_2 - L_1}{D_2}\right)^{-1}.$$